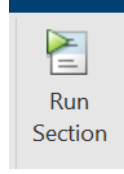


MATLAB Job Submission on MatriCS

This example shows how to submit a MATLAB job on MatriCS.



To execute each section in this script you can either click on , or click on the blue bar on the left of the



Note: Run the sections sequentially to prevent errors.

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Documentation and Examples

- [Get Started with Parallel Computing Toolbox](#)
- [Run MATLAB Functions on a GPU](#)
- [Choose Between spmd, parfor, and parfeval - MATLAB & Simulink \(mathworks.com\)](#)

Check the available partitions

```
disp(parallel.clusterProfiles)
```

Cluster Configuration

- Choose the partition, the number of workers (or GPUs if using GPU servers partition), and the memory.
- **Number of Workers:** 4
- **Number of GPU:** (if available on the partition)
- Click on Save to save the configuration.

```
c = parcluster("MatriCS-normal-amd");  
  
fprintf("%s has %d available GPUs\n", c.Profile,  
c.AdditionalProperties.NumGPUs);  
  
NUM_WORKERS = 1;  
NUM_GPUS = 1;
```

```

if c.AdditionalProperties.NumGPUs > 0 % If GPUs are available on the
partition
    c.PreferredPoolNumWorkers = NUM_GPUS;
    c.AdditionalProperties.AdditionalSubmitArgs = strcat('--gres=gpu:',
num2str(NUM_GPUS));
else
    c.PreferredPoolNumWorkers = NUM_WORKERS;
end

```

Job Submission

In this example, the code being executed approximates the value of Pi using a [Monte Carlo method](#). See the Job Submission section and the call to the `@computePi` function. The code that approximates pi is written in the [Write Your Own Function](#) section. You can write your own MATLAB function here and then test it. If you change the function name, remember to change it in the `batch` function as well.

```

job = batch(c,@computePI,1,{10e3,10e3},Pool=c.PreferredPoolNumWorkers,CurrentFolder='.');

```

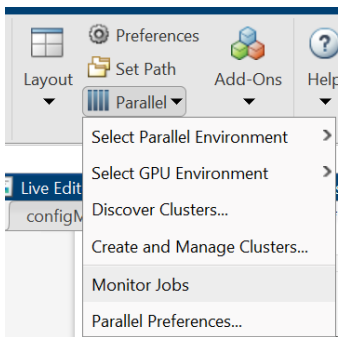
```

job = batch(c,@computePI,1,
{10e3,10e3},Pool=c.PreferredPoolNumWorkers,AutoAddClientPath=false,CurrentFolder='.');

```

Monitor your job

To monitor your job you can click on Home and then on Parallel (Icon with 4 blue bars) then choose Monitor Jobs.



You can also just display the variable `job`

```

job

```

or see all the jobs

```

c.Jobs

```

Get the result

If the job has completed successfully, you should see the estimated value of pi displayed, approximately 3.14.

```

if job.State == "finished"
    results = job.fetchOutputs
else
    disp(['Job state: ', job.State]);
end

```

Compute PI with Monte Carlo Method

```

function PI = computePI(m,n)
if canUseGPU
    c = gpuArray.zeros(1);
    for i = 1:n
        x = gpuArray.rand(m,1);
        y = gpuArray.rand(m,1);
        r = x.^2 + y.^2;
        c = c + sum(r<=1);
    end
    PI = 4/(m*n) * gather(c);
else
    c = 0;
    parfor i = 1:n
        x = rand(m,1);
        y = rand(m,1);
        r = x.^2 + y.^2;
        c = c + sum(r<=1);
    end
    PI = 4/(m*n) * c;
end
end

```

Write Your Own Function

Now to you: write your function and modify the batch command to call your function.

```

function out = myFunction(in)
    out = in;
end

```